

D 140942

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

*(India Map to accompany)***FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
APRIL 2026**

History

HIS 4B 06—INDIAN HISTORY—2

(2019 Syllabus)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

*Answers can be written in English or Malayalam
Only one language should be used throughout the answer script.*

Section A (Short Answer Type)*Answer the questions in two or three sentence.**Each question carries 2 marks.*

1. Muhammadbin Qasim.
2. Qutb-Din Aibak.
3. Prithviraj Chauhan.
4. Ulamas.
5. Introduction of token currency by MuhammedbinTughlaq.
6. Iqta system.
7. Nayaka system.
8. Bahmani Kingdom.
9. Second Battle of Panipat.
10. Jagir.
11. Din Ilahi.
12. Treaty of Purandar.
13. Guru Nanak.

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14. Suhrawardi Order.
15. Indian Ocean trade.

(Ceiling 25 marks)

Section B (Paragraph Type)

Answer the questions in 100 words.

Each question carries 5 marks.

16. Write an essay on Indian feudalism.
17. Examine the consequences of the battle of Tarains.
18. Evaluate the reforms under Balban.
19. Examine the role nobility in the Sultanate administration.
20. Describe the Rajput policy of the Mughals.
21. Write an essay on the features of Mughal architecture.
22. Trace the growth and development of Sufism.
23. Mark the following places in the Mughal Empire under Aurangzeb in the outline map provided.
Agra, Delhi, Lahore, Fatehpur Sikri, Begal

(Ceiling 35 marks)

Section C (Essay Type)

*Answer any **two** of the following questions.*

Each question carries 10 marks.

24. Critically examine the administrative and military reforms of Muhammad bin Thuglaq.
25. Describe nature of polity and cultural contributions of Vijayanagar Empire.
26. How far Shersha is considered as the forerunner of Akber ? Explain.
27. Trace the growth and development of science and technology in the Mughal period.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)



D 140942-A

(Pages : 4)

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**FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
APRIL 2026**

History

HIS4B06—INDIAN HISTORY—2

(2019 Syllabus)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes**Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

HIS4B06—INDIAN HISTORY—2

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Who wrote *An Introduction to the Study of Indian History* ?
 - (A) R.S. Sharma
 - (B) D.D. Kosambi.
 - (C) D. N. Jha.
 - (D) Mortimer Wheeler.
2. Which among the following is/are the structural models related to the early Indian society ?
 - (A) Polity based on Feudal System.
 - (B) Theory of Integrated Polity.
 - (C) Theory of Segmentary State.
 - (D) All the above.
3. What is *Samanta* system ?
 - (A) A system of taxation
 - (B) A political system based on hierarchy of vassals.
 - (C) A system of measuring land.
 - (D) A system of coinage in medieval India.
4. *Diwan-i-kohi*, created by Muhammad Tughluq, looked after :
 - (A) Revenue collection.
 - (B) Agriculture.
 - (C) Public welfare.
 - (D) Crown land.
5. Who introduced token currency in China before Muhammad Tughluq introduced it in India ?
 - (A) Qublai Khan.
 - (B) Chengiz Khan.
 - (C) Timur.
 - (D) Qutub-ud-din Aibak.
6. *Suddhadvaita* was propounded by :
 - (A) Ramanuja.
 - (B) Namadeva.
 - (C) Tukaram.
 - (D) Vallabhacharya.
7. Who started the Khalsa in Sikh religion ?
 - (A) Guru Angad.
 - (B) Guru Gobind Singh.
 - (C) Guru Tegh Bahadur.
 - (D) Guru Arjun.

8. Who wrote *Sur Sarawali* ?
- (A) Mirabai. (B) Chaitanya.
(C) Tulsidas. (D) Surdas.
9. Who established the Chisti order in India ?
- (A) Nizam-ud-din Auliya.
(B) Salim Chisti.
(C) Shaikh Moin-ud-in Chisti.
(D) Hamid-ud-din Nagauri.
10. Who said 'God is the breath of all breath' ?
- (A) Nanak. (B) Kabir.
(C) Mirabai. (D) Chaitanya.
11. Dohas were :
- (A) Religious teachings of Sufis.
(B) A group of merchants who sent large caravans.
(C) The Muslim devotees who emphasised the personal devotion of man to God through love.
(D) Couplets which Kabir composed and by which he taught his followers.
12. To assist the Maratha king, there was a council of state ministers known as :
- (A) *Ashtadigvajas*. (B) *Navaratnins*.
(C) *Ashtapradhaan*. (D) *Qilahdar*.
13. Shivaji was born at :
- (A) Nasik. (B) Pune.
(C) Chittor. (D) Shivneri.
14. Dalals were :
- (A) Merchants. (B) Brokers.
(C) Travellers. (D) In charge of inns.

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15. Who wrote *Ta'arikh-i-Firuzshahi* ?
- (A) Amir Khusru. (B) Ziauddin Barani.
(C) Badayuni. (D) Abdur Razzak.
16. What was *duaspa-sihaspa* and who introduced it ?
- (A) A revenue system introduced by Akbar.
(B) A decorative method introduced by Shah Jahan.
(C) A special rank having higher *sawar* than *zat* introduced by Aurangzeb.
(D) A sub rank of *sawar* introduced by Jahangir.
17. Who were the harkaras of the Mughal Period ?
- (A) Enforcers of public morals.
(B) News writers and reporters.
(C) Secret letter writers and informers.
(D) Spies and special couriers.
18. The term *ghanima* in the Delhi Sultanate stands for :
- (A) Market cess. (B) Irrigation tax.
(C) War booty. (D) Royal treasury.
19. Who introduced the famous Persian festival of Nauroz ?
- (A) Ala-ud-din Khalji. (B) Iltutmish.
(C) Balban. (D) Firoz Tughluq.
20. Who was appointed as the envoy of Muhammad Tughluq in the court of the Chinese emperor ?
- (A) Barani. (B) Ibn Battutah.
(C) Barbosa. (D) Abdur Razzaq.