

D 93425

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Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc. DEGREE (REGULAR/SUPPLEMENTARY)
EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2020**

(CBCSS)

Mathematics

MTH 1C 03—REAL ANALYSIS I

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 30 Weightage

General Instructions

1. In cases where choices are provided, students can attend **all** questions in each section.
2. The minimum number of questions to be attended from the Section / Part shall remain the same.
3. There will be an overall ceiling for each Section / Part that is equivalent to the maximum weightage of the Section / Part.

Part A (Short Answer Questions)Answer **all** the questions.

Each question carries 1 weightage.

1. Construct a bounded set of real numbers with exactly three limit points.
2. Let Y be an open subset of a metric space. If a subset E of Y is open relative to Y , then prove that E is open in X .
3. Let f be a continuous mapping of a metric space X into a metric space Y . If $E \subset X$, then prove that $f(\overline{E}) \subset \overline{f(E)}$.
4. Give an example of a differentiable function f on \mathbb{R} such that f' is not continuous at 0.
5. Let f_1, f_2 be bounded functions and α be a monotonic increasing function on $[a, b]$. If f_1 and f_2 are Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to α on $[a, b]$, then prove that $f_1 + f_2$ is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to α on $[a, b]$.
6. Let f be a bounded function and α be a monotonic increasing function on $[a, b]$ such that $|f|$ is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to α . Is f Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to α ? Justify your answer.

Turn over

7. Let γ be a curve in the complex plane, defined on $[0, 2\pi]$ by $\gamma(t) = e^{2\pi i t \sin \frac{1}{t}}$. Prove that γ is not rectifiable.
8. If the sequences $\{f_n\}$ and $\{g_n\}$ converge uniformly on a set E , then prove that then sequence $\{f_n + g_n\}$ converge uniformly on E .

(8 × 1 = 8 weightage)

Part B

Answer any **two** questions of each unit.
Each question has weightage 2.

Unit I

9. Let A be the set of all sequences whose elements are the digits 0 and 1. Prove that A is countable.
10. Prove that a closed subset of a compact space is compact.
11. Let X be a connected metric space, Y be a metric space and let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a surjective continuous map. Prove that Y is connected.

Unit II

12. Let f be a real function defined on $[a, b]$ and let f be differentiable on (a, b) . If $f'(x) \geq 0$ for all $x \in (a, b)$ then prove that f is monotonically increasing.
13. If f is differentiable on $[a, b]$, then prove that f' cannot have any simple discontinuities on $[a, b]$.
14. If f is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to α on $[a, b]$ and if $a < c < b$, then prove that f is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to α on $[a, c]$ and on $[c, b]$ and

$$\int_a^c f d\alpha + \int_c^b f d\alpha = \int_a^b f d\alpha.$$

Unit III

15. Prove that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{x^2 + n}{n^2}$ converges uniformly in every bounded interval.
16. Let $\{f_n\}$ be a sequence of integrable functions and let f be an integrable function such that $f_n \rightarrow f$. Is it true that $\int f dx = \lim \int f_n dx$? Justify your answer.
17. Let $\mathcal{C}(X)$ denote the set of all complex valued, continuous, bounded functions defined on a metric space X . Prove that $\mathcal{C}(X)$ is a complete metric space with respect to the metric :

$$d(f, g) = \sup_{x \in X} |f(x) - g(x)|.$$

(6 × 2 = 12 weightage)

Part C

Answer any **two** from the following four questions (18–21).
Each question has weightage 5.

18. (a) Prove that a subset E of a metric space is open if and only if its complement E^c is closed.
(b) Prove that monotonic functions have no discontinuities of the second kind.
19. (a) Let f be a bounded function and α be a monotonic increasing function on $[a, b]$. If P_1 is a refinement of P , then prove that :

$$L(P, f, \alpha) \leq L(P_1, f, \alpha)$$

- (b) Let f be a bounded function and α be a monotonic increasing function on $[a, b]$. If f is continuous on $[a, b]$, then prove that f is Riemann-Stieltjes integrable with respect to α on $[a, b]$.
20. (a) Prove that every uniformly convergent sequence of bounded functions is uniformly bounded.
(b) Let $\{f_n\}$ be a sequence of functions, differentiable on $[a, b]$ and such that $\{f_n(x_0)\}$ converges for some point x_0 on $[a, b]$. If $\{f'_n\}$ converges uniformly on $[a, b]$, then prove that $\{f_n\}$ converges uniformly on $[a, b]$, to a function f , and

$$f'(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f'_n(x) \text{ for all } x \in [a, b].$$

21. (a) Prove that there exists a real continuous function on the real line which is nowhere differentiable.
(b) Let K be a compact metric space and let $f_n \in C(K)$ for $n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ and $\{f_n\}$ converges uniformly on K . Prove that $\{f_n\}$ is equicontinuous on K .

(2 × 5 = 10 weightage)